

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

WARRANTY

Thunder Tiger guarantees this model kit to be free from defects in both material and workmanship. The total monetary value under warrant will in no case exceed the cost of the original kit purchased. This warranty does not cover any components damaged by use or modification. Part or parts missing from this kit must be reported within 60 days of purchase. No part or parts will be sent under warranty without proof of purchase.

To receive part or parts under warranty, the service center must receive a proof of purchase and/or the defective part or parts. Should you find a defective or missing part, contact the authorized Thunder Tiger Service/Distributor nearest you.

WARNING

The ODYSSEY II Scale Racing Yacht, its parts and its construction tools can be deadly weapons. Always exercise extreme caution when using this product. Improper operations may cause personal and/or property damage. Thunder Tiger and its distributor have no control over damages resulting from shipping, improper construction, or improper usage.

Thunder Tiger assumes and accepts no responsibility for personal and/or property damages resulting from the use of improper building materials, equipment, and operations. By the act of assembling this product, the user accepts all resulting liability. If the buyer is not prepared to accept this liability, then he/she should return this kit in new, unassembled, and unused condition to the place of purchase.

Notice

This is not a toy. Assembly and operating of this boat requires adult supervision.





Introduction

Thank you for your purchase of the Thunder Tiger 1/23 Scale Racing Yacht. This yacht is both good for indoor display and outdoor sailing. With proper care taken during assembly, the Odyssey will provide you good performance and long service life. Please contact Thunder Tiger authoized distributor for tech support or customer service if you encounter any problem.

Before Assembly

- Read all directions thoroughly before assembly.
- Check the parts against the parts drawing on page 3-4.
- > Always carefully apply CA instant glue on the glue area, avoid contacting the skin and eyes.
- When mixing epoxy, apply equal volume from two bottles.
- > When tighten screws, be sure not to overtighten, as the metal thread will strip out or damage the plywood, plastic or Aluminum.

Items Required for Completion

Radio

ACE JAGUAR 2 CH Radio is highly recommended (No.8216). Available in 26, 27, 40MHz

Features:

- AM Digital Proportional Control
- Available in 2 ch
- Unique Ergonomically Transmitter Design
- Servo Reversing
- CH1 & Ch2 Trims
- Adjustable Netural Position for Throttle
- LED Battery Level Indicator Light w/Low Power Flashing
- Easy Access Crystal
- External Charging Jack for Rechargable Battery

Two STD Servos come with the Radio

High impact material provides you more confident to do variety actions. Looking for the super precise deoperating performance? ACE R/C servo fully meets all your mind!

- The Most Reliable High Torque Motor
- Standard Size to Fit Most Model
- High Impact Material
- More Precise Operating Performance



No.8216

S1903 STD Servo

Torque (4.8V / 6V):41.7 / 52.8 (oz-in)

3 / 3.8 (kg-cm)

Speed (4.8V / 6V): 0.19 / 0.15 (sec/60*) Size L x W x H: 40.4 x 20.0 x 37.9 (mm)

1.6 x 0.8 x 1.48(inch)

Weight: 47.4 / 1.67(g/oz)

Gear:

Battery

NiMH Conversion Kit

The kit quickly and economically converts dry battery radios to rechargeable NiMH operation. Enjoy the dependability and cost savings that NiMHs provide. Included are 12 AA 1100mAh cells and a dual charger.



No.2970 110V 2P No.2971 230V 2P No.2972 230V 3P

No.8114

Tools Required for Assembly



Needle Nose Pliers



Phillips Screwdriver, Med,Small



Hobby Knife



Scissors



CA Instant Glue



Drill Bit 1/16" , 1.8mm 5/64", 2mm



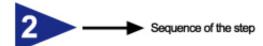
Sandpaper (#400 grit)



Rubbing Alcohol

Assembly Step

In each step, the needed parts are shown the number right below. Locate all parts for the steps.



Keel and Rudder Tube Assembly — The section will be assembled in the step.





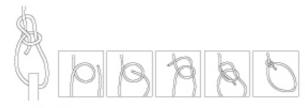




Refer to the parts listing and locate the needed parts.

Clear a place on your workbench or table, and let's begin.

Some Basic Knots



Bowline Knot



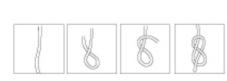
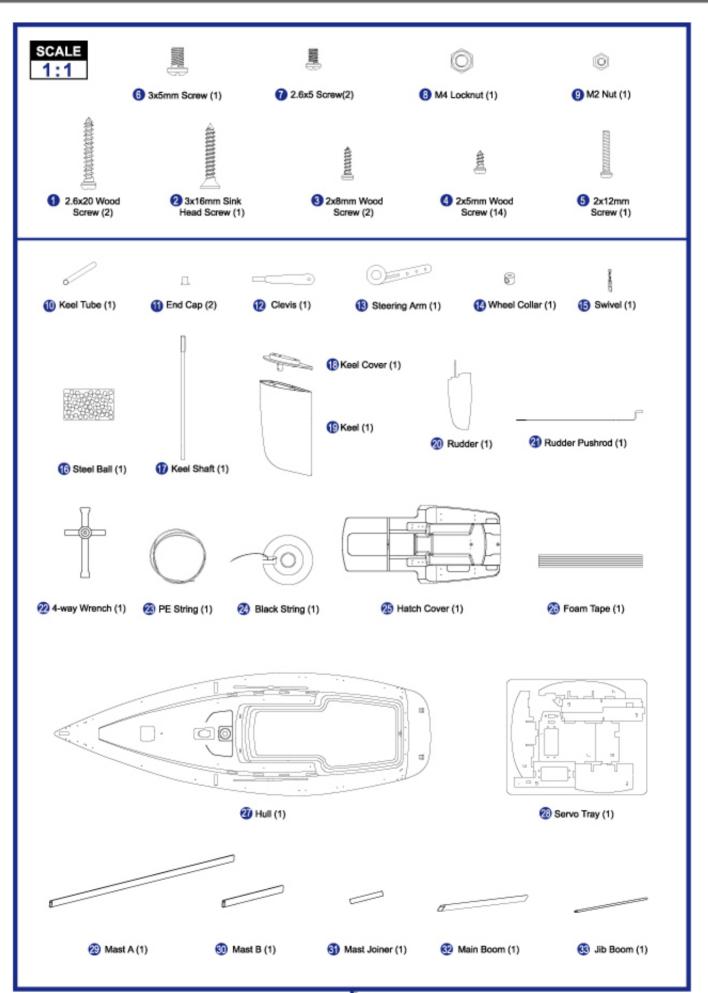


Figure Eight Knot



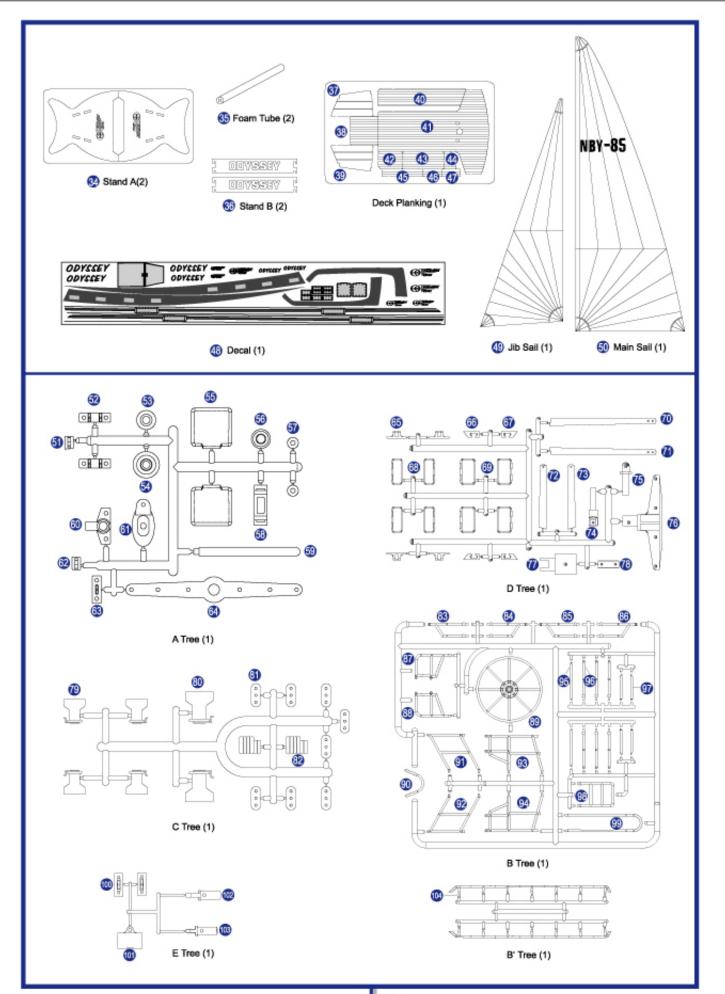
Reef Knot







ODYCCEY II 1/23 Scale Rading Yacht









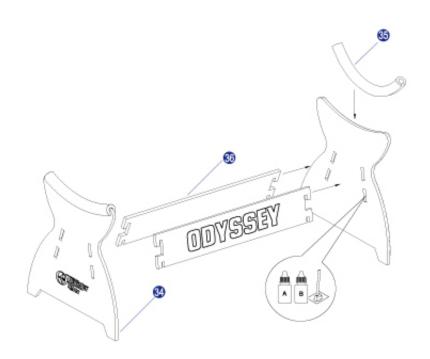
Display Stand Assembly

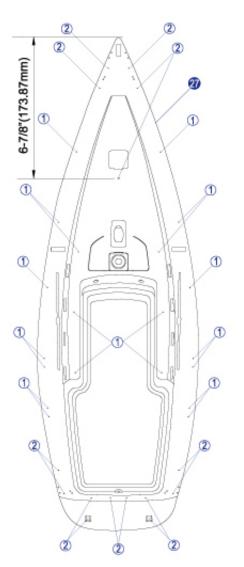






- 1. Locate the display stand parts, then assemble the Stand A 33 and Stand B 6 as shown at right. You may apply a thin bead of 5-min. epoxy at the joint before you insert them.
- Locate the black Foam Tube then use scissors to cut the foam tube so it can be installed on the hull support as shown. This will protect the hull bottom from scratches during construction and storage.
- 3. Now you can place the Hull @ on the display stand during construction.
- 4.Refer to drawing and drill the holes with the indicated size of drill bit. For 1 is using the 1.8mm drill bit for@is using 2mm drill bit.



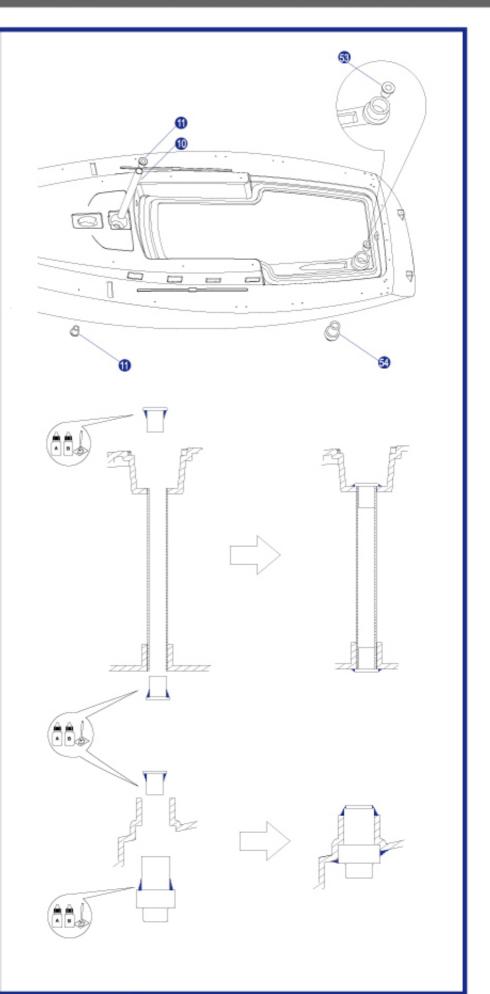






Keel and Rudder Tube Assembly

- 00000
- 1. Insert the Keel Tube 10 from hull top and reach the hull bottom then epoxy the End Caps (1) in place. Note: end caps are working as waterproof and epoxy will help to fill the gap between cap and tube. However, do not leave any excess epoxy on the inside the tube as it will be difficult to insert the keel shaft if there is any hardened epoxy inside.
- 2. Trial fit the Rudder Tube 🚱 in place, it might need to trim the hole so rudder tube can fit in just tight. Apply epoxy and glue the rudder tube in place. Next epoxy the End Cap 3 in place.

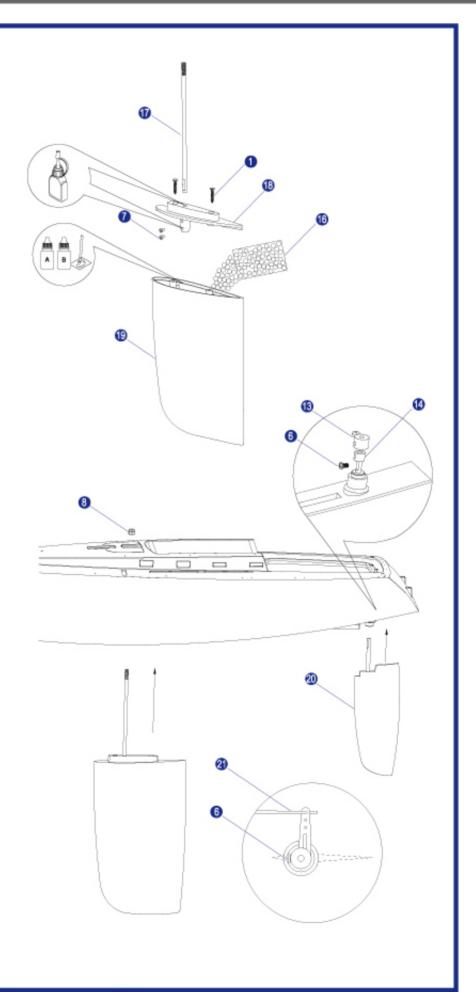






Keel and Rudder Assembly

- 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 (B) (B) (B) (B)
- 1. Insert the Keel Shaft 10 through the Keel Cover (1), secure the shaft firmly with two 2.6x5mm Screws then apply CA glue around the hole as shown to make sure the shaft is secured firmly. Next put the Steel Balls (i) into the Keel (1), trial fit the cover in place, once satisfied then apply enough epoxy to keel and secure it with 2.6x20mm Wood Screws 1 . Wipe off the excess epoxy. Note the working time is only 3 min. as epoxy will be cured in 5 minutes.
- 2. After the epoxy is cured, insert the keel shaft in place, trim the contact area if necessary. Make sure the keel fit into the hull properly. Secure the keel with M4 Locknut (3) by using the furnished 4 Way Wrench 2.
- Install Rudder in place by securing the Steering Arm (B) and Collar (1) with 3x5mm Screw (3) as indicated. In this step you will need to connect the Pushrod 2 by threading the Z-bend end to steering arm first then secure the arm as illustration. Note: the pushrod and rudder should perpendicular to the steering arm.





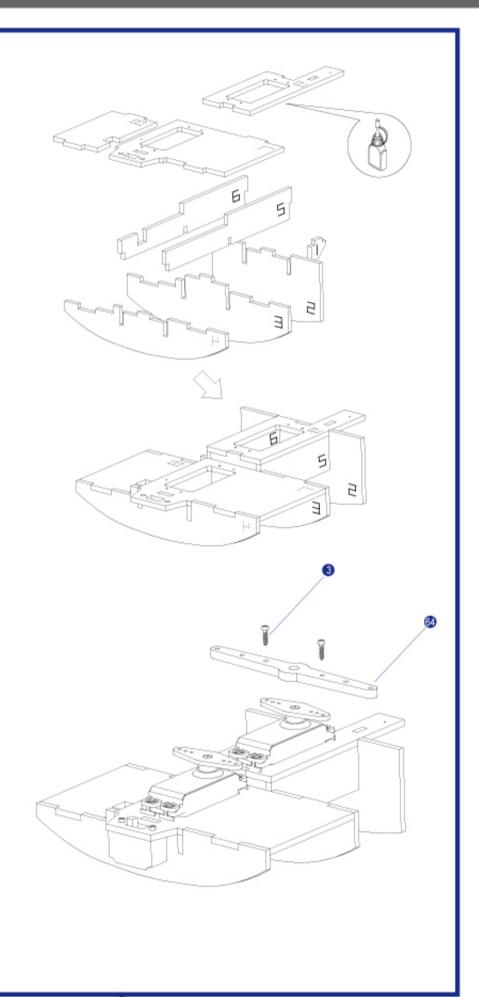


Servo Tray Assembly





- 1. Locate the die-cut plywood sheet@then use thick CA to assemble the servo tray as shown.
- 2. Refer to servo manual and install the servo mounting hardware then secure the servos in place. Note the servo orientation.
- 3. Install the switch in place.
- 4. Secure the servo arm on the servo with two 2x8mm Wood Screws 3.





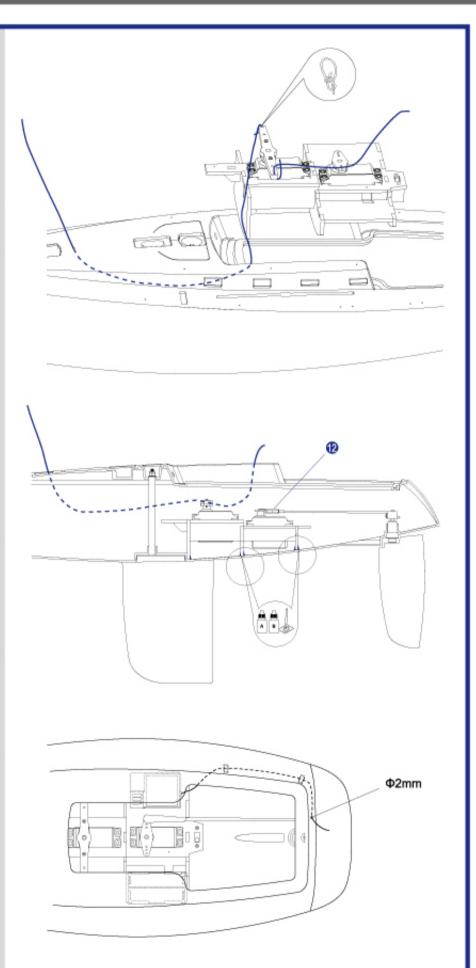


Radio Installation

Cut two sail control lines.

Main Sail Control Line 16 "(40cm) Jib Sail Control Line 24"(60cm)

- 2. First thread the jib sail control line through the hole on the deck as shown, then pull the line from the hull inside, tie a Bowline knot to the right end of Servo Arm before gluing the servo tray in place.
- 3. Second thread the Main sail control line to the left end of the servo arm and tie a bowline knot.
- 4. Slightly sand the glue area inside the hull then apply enough epoxy to glue servo tray in the hull, this will enhance the adhesion. Note the servo tray former will just against the keel well.
- Thread the clevis (2) on the pushrod then snap onto the servo horn. Make sure the servo and rudder are in neutral position. Adjust the clevis if necessary.
- 6.Connect the radio system following the manufacturer instructions. Place the receiver in the radios compartment at the right side and Battery holder at the left side of servo tray.
- 7. The normal dry cell is not last long, we would suggest you to replace NiMH battery so you can sail the boat for a longer time.
- 8. Tape the receiver antenna wire to underside of the deck then drill a 2mm hole as indicated. Thread the antenna out of Hull.

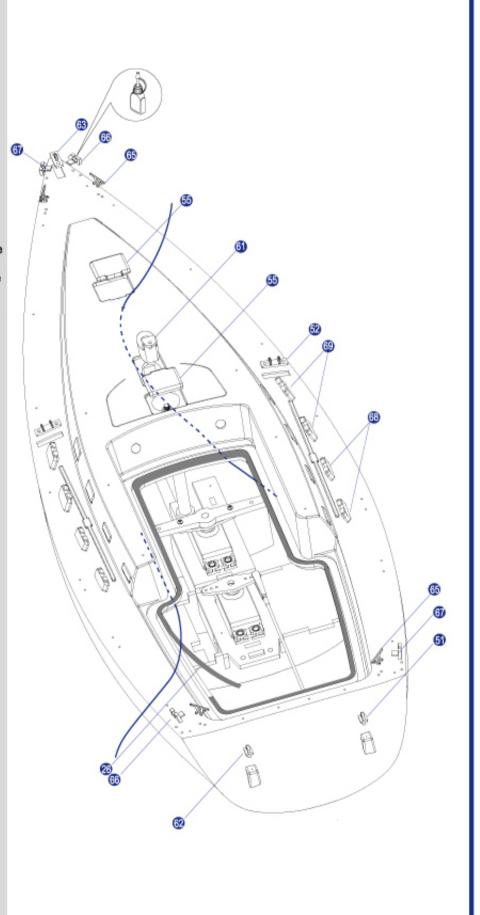






Decoration Assembly

- 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
- 63 63 63 63 63
- 1. Secure the Chain Plates 🗿 🚱 🕲 (3) and the decorations (6) (7) (7) with CA glue on the mold dot as shown.
- 2. Refer to box photo and apply all decal 49 to the hull, Porthole 69 @ and Hatch Window . CA the porthole in place. You may use double side tape for the hatch window in case you would remove or secure the locknut for keel.
- 3. Epoxy the Mast Mount in place as shown. Make sure there is no epoxy inside the mast mount as the mast will install in later.
- Place the strips of Foam Tape in groove around hatch opening as shown.



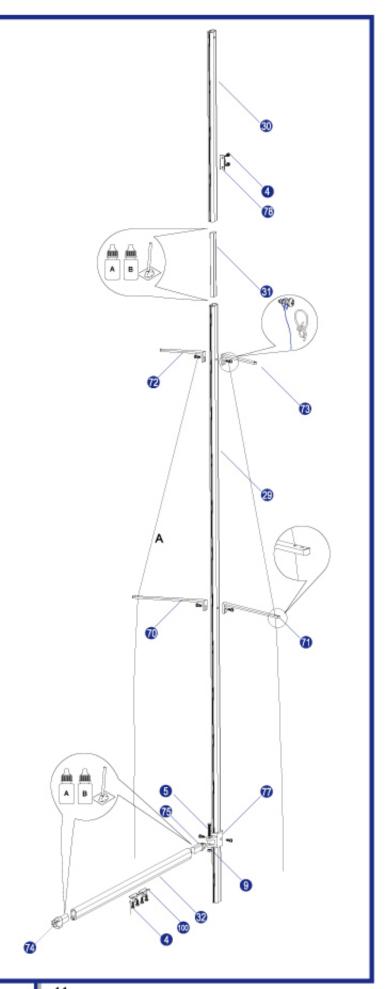




Main Mast Assembly



- 1. Secure the two Ends (2) (5) onto the Main Boom @with CA glue or epoxy.
- the main boom and Mast B (1) with 2x5mm wood screws 4 respectively.
- Cut two pieces of black strings in length of 35"(90cm), then make a Bowline knot at the 2x5mm Wood Screw (1).
- 4. Install all Spreaders 10 10 12 18 in place as illustration with 2x5mm wood screws. Thread the rigging string through the second hole of the Spreaders @ @ .
- 5. Assemble and Main Mast A @ and B @ with the Mast Joiner @ and Boom Joiner 70. Secure the boom joiner with 2x5 mm wood screws.
- 6. Install the main boom on the boom joiner with 2x12mm Screw 6 and M2 Nut 1 . Keep the main boom moves freely.





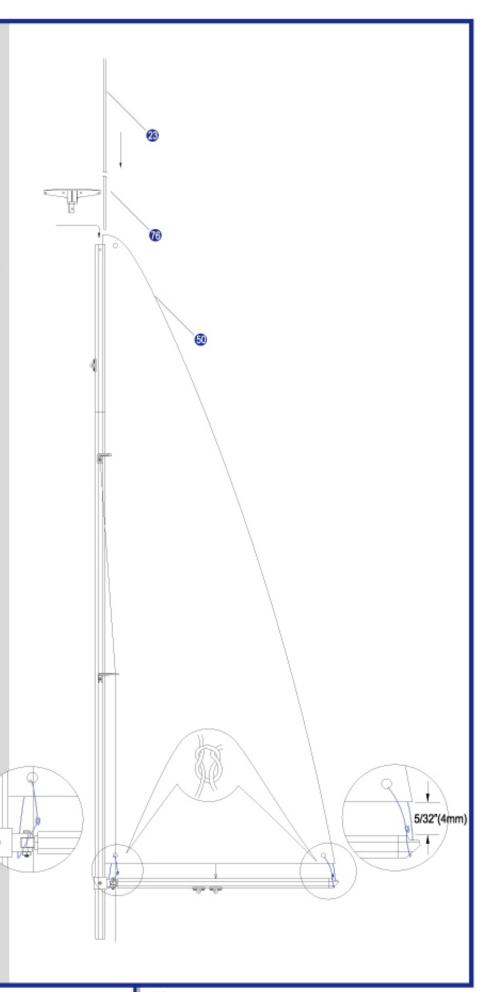


Main Sail Attachment





- 23 90 TB
- 1. Thread the PE String @ in the sheet, next slide the leading edge of main sail into top groove of the
- 2. Install the Head Crane (6) to the the mast. Make sure that all the leading edge of sail is smooth and securely in the groove of mast.
- 3. Now you may tie the Main Sail 3 with the black string on the boom. Reef knot is Suggested.



ODYCCEY II 1/23 Scale Racing Yacht



Main Sail Rigging



- 1. Attach the main mast assembly to the main mast mount.
- Cut 4 pieces Rigging Strings in length as shown for use in this

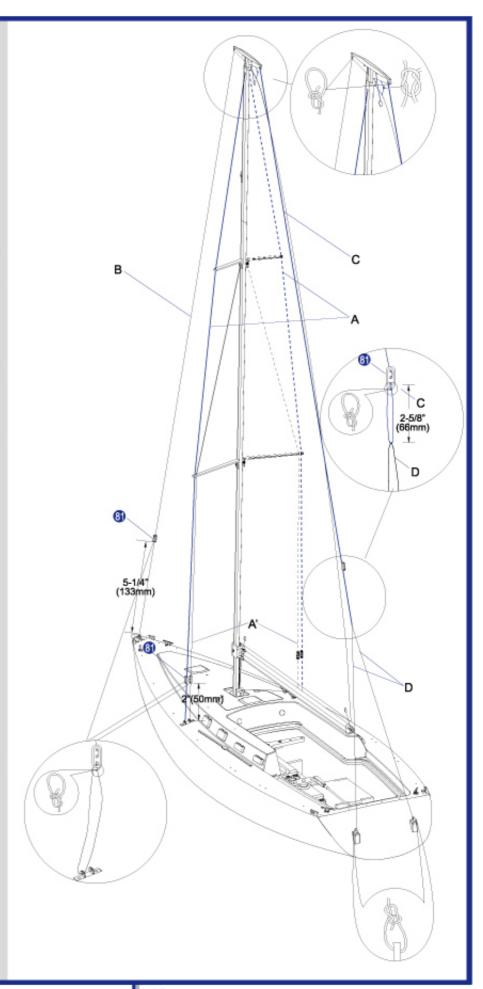
Mast String A x 1 86"(220cm) 39"(100cm) Forestay String B x 1 Backstay String C x 1 43"(110cm) Backstay String D x 1 13"(33cm)

Mast String A

Thread the Mast string A from the first hole of lower Spreader through the upper Spreader tip. then the mast top hole, back down to the upper Spreader tip and finally back to the first hole of the lower Spreader .

Thread the string through the first hole of the String Adjuster (1), then the second hole. Next thread through the chain plate then make a Bowline knot on the third hole. Keep adjuster is about 50mm to the Chain Plate. Do the same procedure on the other side of the string A . Same way to make adjusters on A' string which you did in step 7. Now you can adjust the tension of A and A' string.

- Forestay String B Make a Bowline knot at the head crane tip as shown. Do the same way as Mast String A to thread adjuster and chain plate.
- Backstay String C Cut a piece of black string in length of 4"(100mm) then tie the main sail on the head crane as illustration. Thread the Backstay String C to another side of the head crane tip. make a Bowline knot then thread String C through adjuster the same way as string A. Keep adjuster is about 66mm in length to the end of the string.
- Backstay String D Make a Bowline knot on the chain plate at the stern then thread Backstay String D through String C, adjust the tension and make the same knot at another chain plate. Adjust the tension on the String C adjuster.







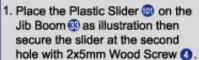
Jib Boom and Jib Sail Assembly



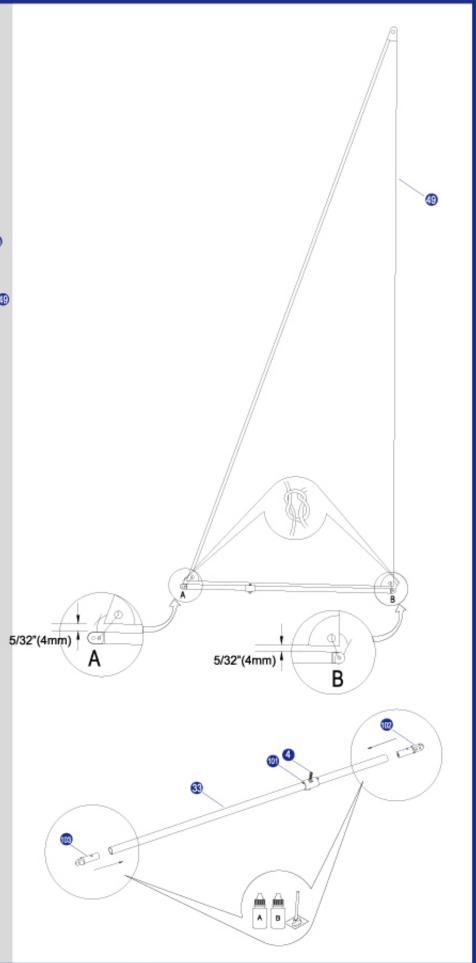








- 2. Epoxy the two Jib Boom End @ @ in place. Note the orientation of the ends.
- Use black string to tie the Jib Sail 49 on the boom. Reef knot is suggested.





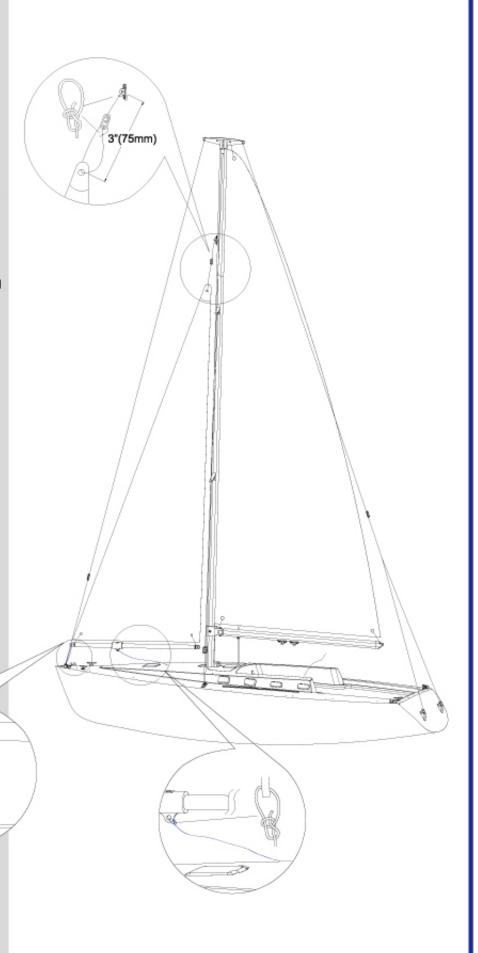




Jib Sail Attachment

- 1, Cut a piece of string in length of 11-3/4* (30cm) and make a adjuster then secure the jib sail on Chain Plate as shown.
- 2. Cut a piece of string in length of 6" (15cm) then tie the jib boom end on Bow Chain Plate. Reef knot is suggested.
- 3. Tie a Bowline knot to the slider of jib boom on one end of the Jib Sail Control String.

1-1/4"(32mm)

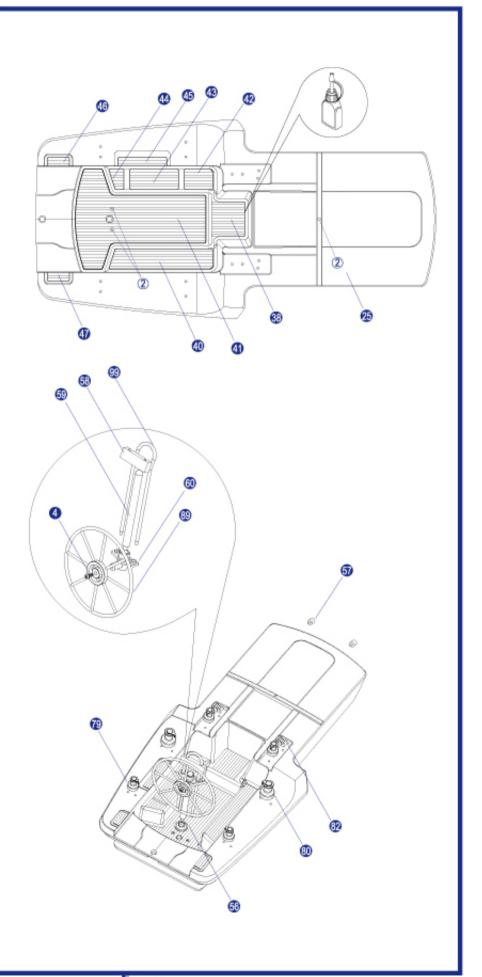






Hatch Cover Assembly

- 4 3 3 4 4 4 4
- 79 00 02 03 09
- 1. Locate the Deck Planking then use CA to gule them on the Hatch Cover as illustration. Refer to drawing and use 2mm drill bit to drill the holes.
- 2. Install Steering Wheel Retainer, 100 Steering Wheel Stand A 69, B 69, and Instrument Panel 69 together by using CA instant glue, then secure Steering Wheel (3) on steering wheel retainer with 2x5mm Wood Screw 4 . Set it aside and wait final assembly.
- 3. Secure the Winch @ (1) ,Steering Wheel Base 69, Decoration 69 and Hatch Cover Retainer 3 with CA glue on the mold dot as shown. Then glue the steering wheel stand on the steering wheel base.





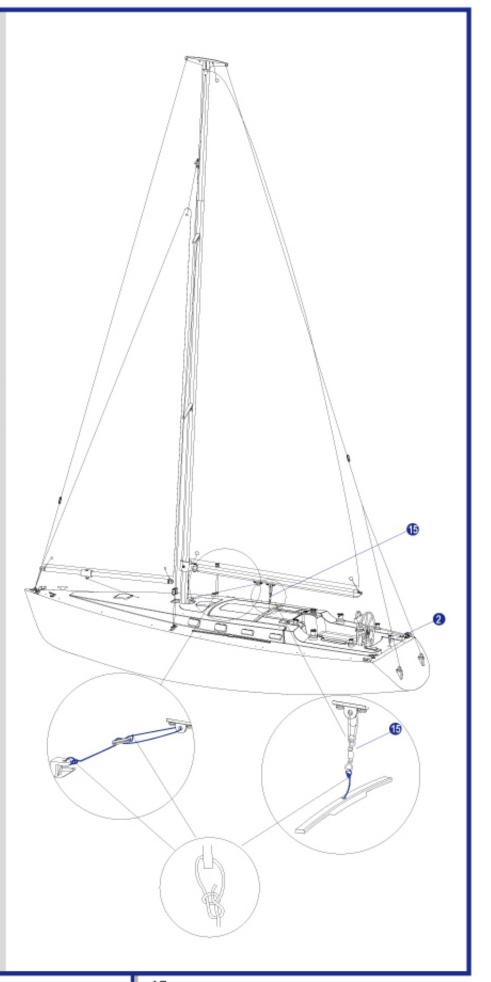


Attaching the Rigging Snaps





- 1. Thread one end of the Main Sail Control String through the hole of the hatch cover, then attach the hatch cover assmbly in place, secure it on the hull with 3x16mm Sink Head Screw 2.
- 2. Cut a piece of black string in length of 10" (25cm), make a bowline knot on the mast mount. Thread the string through the first hole of the string adjuster, then the second hole. Next thread through the Chain Plate on the boom as shown then the third hole of adjuster, make a bowline knot again.
- Tie a bowline knot to the Swivel on the end of the main sail control string but keep the string about 1-5/8"(40mm) out of the deck. Then snap the swivel on the another chain plate of the mast boom.

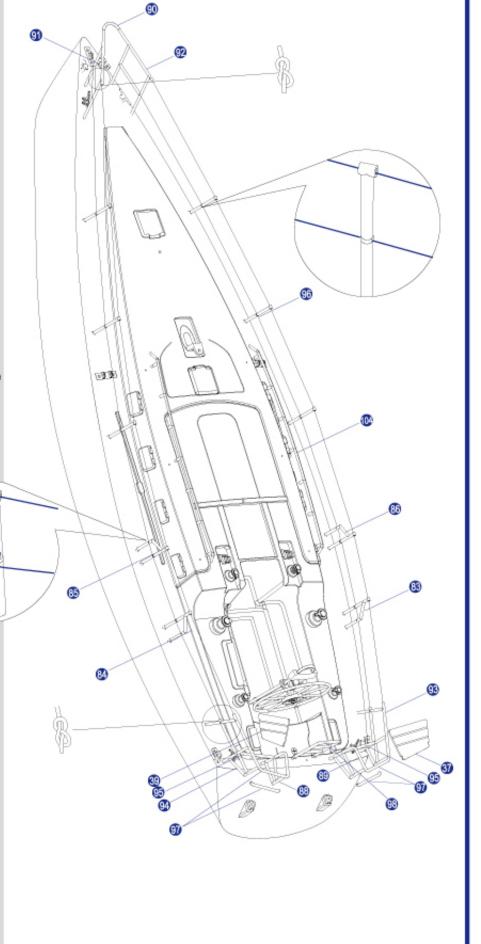






Hull Fittings Assembly

- OF 68 68 68 68 68 99 99 99 99 99 99
- 1. Trial fit the rails then apply CA glue to secure the rails in place as illustration.
- carefully as Head Rail at the bow. Same way to locate (8) (9) (9) (1) (1) then assemble them as the Taffrail at the stern.
- 3. Thread the rail string through all rails, start from lower string, then the higher string. Suggest to circle around each rail as figures shown. Adjust the string just tight and make figure 8 knots at two ends.
- in the taffrail.



ODYCCEY III 1/28 Scale Rading Yadhi:



Preparations for Sailing

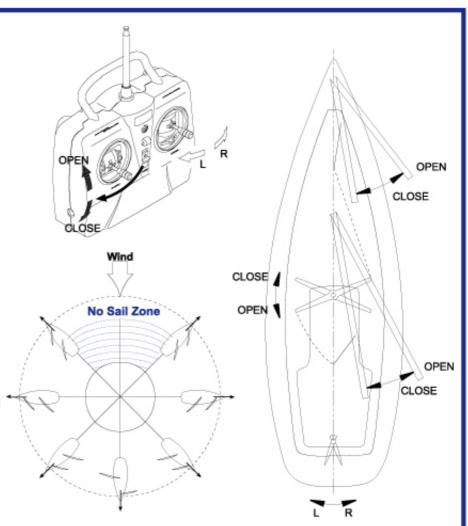
Before sailing your ODYSSEY II for the first time, take note of the following:

- A. Make sure that your transmitter antenna is extended completely. Make sure that the receiver antenna is completely uncoiled (either inside or outside the hull).
- B. Always turn the transmitter on before the receiver, likewise, turn the receiver off before the transmitter.
- C. Check that each sail, line, snap, and fitting is properly installed and adjusted.

CAUTION:

Periodically check all knots if loose and the inside of the hull to make sure that there is no excessive accumulation of water.

Suggest to test the boat in lightmiddle wind, stronger wind will bend the boat very much, properly control the angle of main sail and operate the yacht in light-middle wind is recommended.

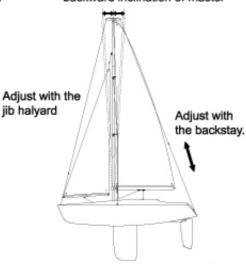


Tuning Your ODYSSEY II for Proper Operation

Straighten any left or right leaning of master Straighten any forward or backward inclination of master



Tighten or slacken the adjuster in order to straighten the mast.



- 1. If your boat carries weather helm, incline the mast a bit forward.
- 2. If your boat carries lee helm, incline the master a bit backward.
- · Refer to the explanation of weather helm and lee helm below

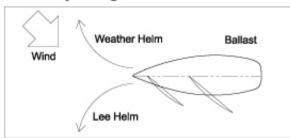


Maintaining an optimum sail profile is important for both speed and control. You may need to make some finer adjustments to your tuning to obtain the sail profile you want. The sail profiles shown in the figure are viewed from behind.



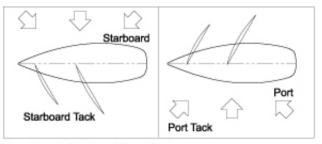
DYCCEY III 1/23 Scale Rading Yacht

Mast Adjusting



Weather Helm and Lee Helm

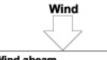
With the Rudder in line with the Keel, if the boat tends to turn windward, it is said that the boat carries weather helm. If it tends to turn leeward, it is said that it carries lee helm. The situation in which the boat shows neither tendency is called balanced helm. In general, a boat carrying a slight weather helm is better in performance than one carrying lee helm or having balanced helm. Therefore, after adjusting the boat to balanced helm re-adjust it so that it carries slight weather helm.



Starboard Tack and Port Tack

The right side of the boat is called starboard and the left side of boat s called port. When the yacht sails with the wind cross the starboard and the mainsail is on the port side, it is said that the boat is on a starboard tack. When it sails with the wind cross the port and with the mainsail on the starboard, it is said that boat is on a port tack. You can sail on a starboard or port tack when sailing close-hauled (i.e. windward), wind abeam (i.e. leeward).

Principle of Sailing



Wind abeam

Sails: each at a position of 45° Rudder: in center position

Quarter lee

Sails: letting both out a little more Rudder: to the left

Starboard tack-running

Sails: letting both out to their maximum position Rudder: in center position

Port tack-running

Sails: letting both out to their maximum position Rudder: in center position

Quarter lee

Sails: pulling both in a little Rudder: in center position

Luffing up

Sails: pulling in bit by bit Rudder: to the left

Star Board Tack Port tack - close - hauled Sails: keeping pulled in Rudder: to be held at the center as long as the sails do not shiver

Tacking

Sails: keeping pulled in Rudder: to the right

Bearing away

Sails: let both out so as not to

shiver

Rudder: to the left

Tacking

Sails: keeping pulled in Rudder: to the left

Starboard tack - close - hauled

Sails: keeping pulled in Rudder: to be held at the center as long as the sails do not shiver

Tacking*

Sails: keep pulled in Rudder: to the left

Port tack - close - hauled

Sails: keep pulling in Rudder: to be held at the center as long as the sails do not shiver

Luffing up

Sails: pulling both in all the way Rudder: to the left

Wind abeam

Sails: each at a position of 45°

Rudder: in center position

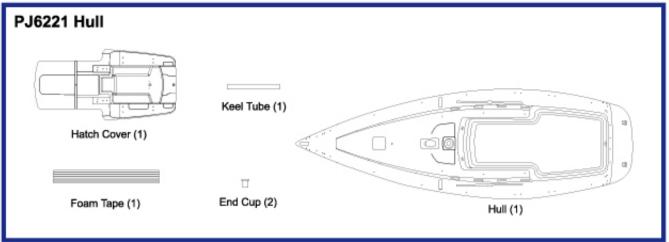
START

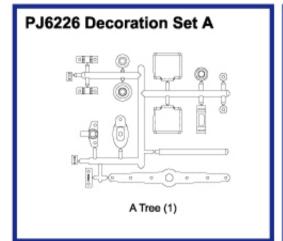
- * Sail your ODYSSEY II only in still bodies of water. Never sail your boat in running water such as streams or rivers, as it is easy to lose control of your boat.
- * Do not sail ODYSSEY II in very heavy winds.
- * If you will be operating your ODYSSEY II in the same area as other R/C craft, be sure that you are all on different frequencies to help avoid any mishaps.

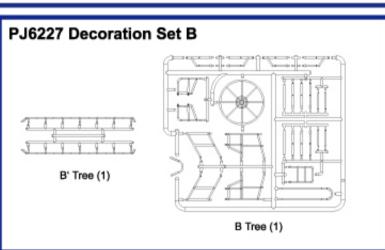
LAND

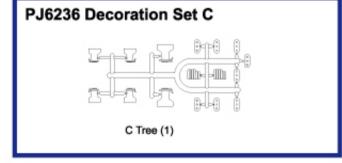


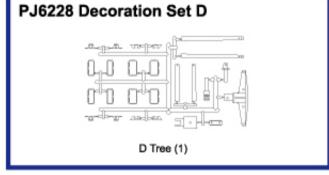


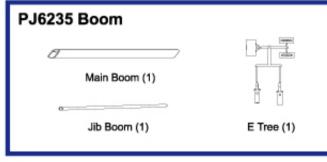


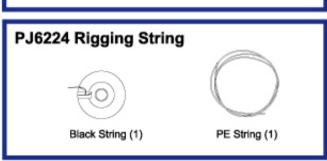


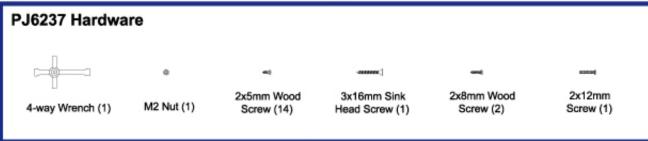






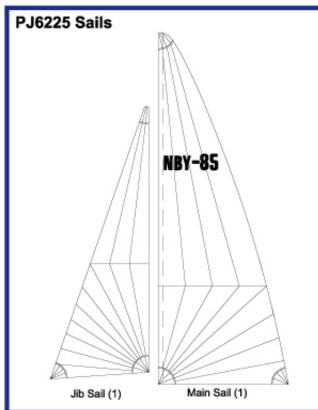


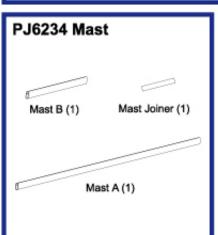


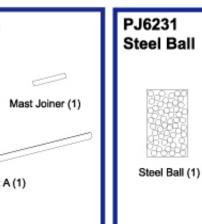




ODYCCEY II 1/23 Scale Reding Yacht

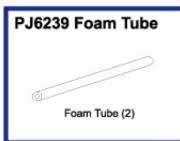


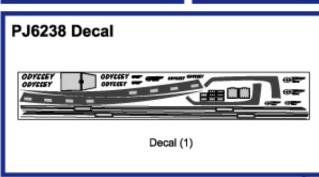


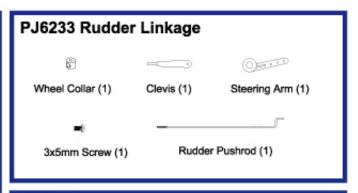


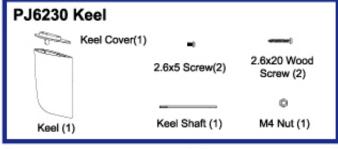
PJ6062 Swivel

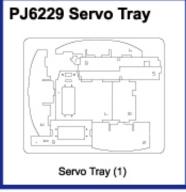
Swivel (8)

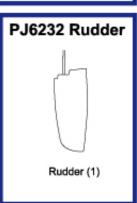


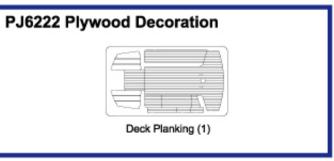


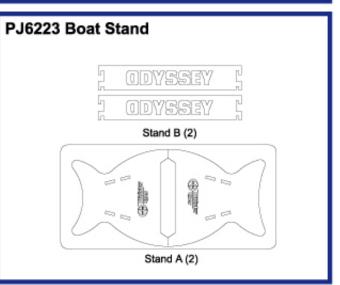






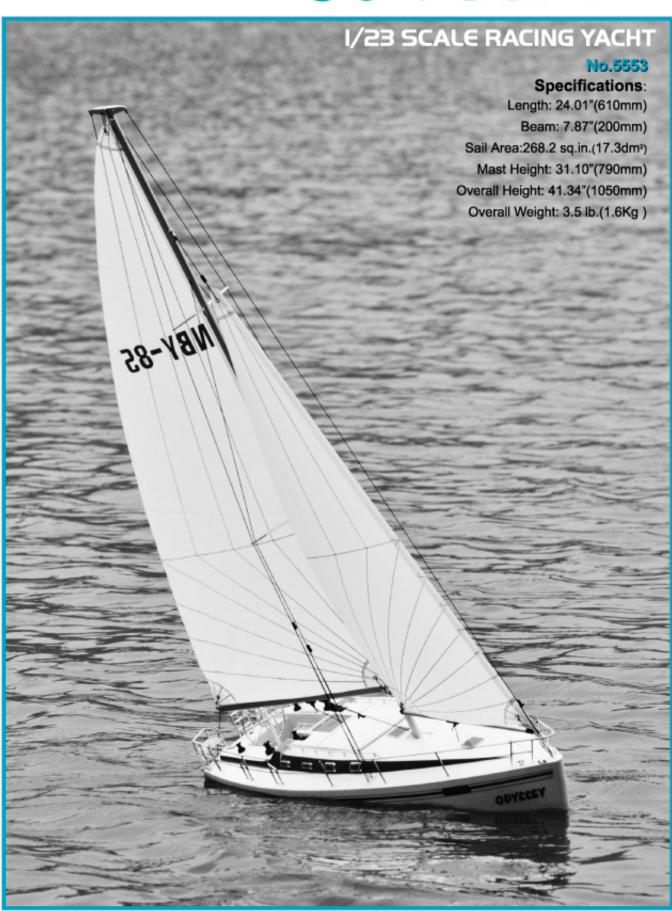








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